Exhibit 1

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR PINELLAS COUNTY, FLORIDA CIVIL DIVISION

TERRY GENE BOLLEA, professionally known as HULK HOGAN,

Plaintiff, Case No.

12-012447-CI-011

vs.

HEATHER CLEM; GAWKER MEDIA, LLC, aka GAWKER MEDIA, et al.,

Defendants.

HEARING BEFORE THE HONORABLE PAMELA A.M. CAMPBELL

DATE: July 1, 2015

TIME: 1:36 p.m. to 5:10 p.m.

PLACE: Pinellas County Courthouse

545 1st Avenue North

Third Floor

St. Petersburg, Florida

REPORTED BY: Aaron T. Perkins, RPR

Notary Public, State of

Florida at Large

Volume 2

Pages 123 to 301

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1
     APPEARANCES:
2
       CHARLES J. HARDER, ESQUIRE
3
       JENNIFER J. McGRATH, ESQUIRE
       Harder, Mirell & Abrams, LLP
4
       1925 Century Park East
       Suite 800
5
       Los Angeles, California 90067
6
               and -
7
       KENNETH G. TURKEL, ESQUIRE
       SHANE B. VOGT, ESQUIRE
8
       Bajo Cuva Cohen & Turkel, P.A.
       100 North Tampa Street
9
       Suite 1900
       Tampa, Florida 33602
10
            - and -
11
       DAVID R. HOUSTON, ESQUIRE
12
       The Law Office of David R. Houston
       432 Court Street
13
       Reno, Nevada 89501
14
15
            Attorneys for Plaintiff
16
17
18
19
     APPEARANCES CONTINUED:
20
21
22
23
24
25
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1
    APPEARANCES CONTINUED AS FOLLOWS:
2
3
       SETH D. BERLIN, ESQUIRE
       MICHAEL D. SULLIVAN, ESQUIRE
4
       Levine Sullivan Koch & Schulz, LLP
       1899 L Street, N.W.
5
       Suite 200
       Washington, D.C. 20036
6
               and -
7
       MICHAEL BERRY, ESQUIRE
8
       PAUL J. SAFIER, ESQUIRE
       Levine Sullivan Koch & Schulz, LLP
       1760 Market Street
       Suite 1001
10
       Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
                                    19103
11
               and -
12
       RACHEL FUGATE, ESQUIRE
       Thomas & LoCicero, P.L.
13
       601 South Boulevard
       Tampa, Florida 33606
14
            Attorneys for Defendant Gawker Media, LLC,
15
            et al.
16
17
    ALSO PRESENT:
18
       Heather L. Dietrick,
19
            President and General Counsel for The Gawker
            Media Group
20
       Alison Steele, Esquire (for Media Outlets)
            Rahdert, Steele Reynolds & Driscoll, P.L.
21
            535 Central Avenue
            St. Petersburg, Florida 33701
22
23
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1 THE COURT: Okay. Yes, I did. Publisher 2 defendants. 3 And, No. 3, settlement discussions. 4 MR. TURKEL: That's mine, Judge. 5 THE COURT: So let's just say this. Are 6 the -- do the defense intend to bring up 7 settlement discussions? I see you have got a 8 response in there. Never mind. I know the 9 answer. 10 MR. TURKEL: Yes, Judge, they do. I don't 11 know exactly to what extent or whether they want 12 to try to admit in the actual settlement 13 agreement. In reading the response -- and I'm 14 trying to keep all these fairly straight, Judge, 1.5 so if I'm off on this one -- I think this is the 16 one where they argue it's a Mary Carter 17 agreement --1.8 THE COURT: Yes. 19 MR. TURKEL: -- and then cite Dosdourian and 20 they go through that analysis. 21 And, Judge, first of all, it's not Mary 22 Carter agreement. We're not going to have the 23 defendants sitting in trial pretending he's still 24 a defendant. The whole premise of those cases, as

you know, was, You're deceiving the jury; you're

acting like they're a defendant, and they're not.

It's a settlement agreement. And it's -- there is nothing even remotely that brings it into the Mary Carter arena.

I have read their response, and I don't see anything that excepts it out of the well-establish Florida law that you don't tell jurors about settlement agreements. They made some sort of unsubstantiated allegations based on the terms of it, that its evidence of some kind of a collusion, because it's got standard nondisparagement language.

They have taken that to mean that it means somebody can't get on the witness stand and tell the truth pursuant to a subpoena, even though there is a provision in there, I think, that relates to -- I thought there was something in there that related to whether he gets subpoenaed or not. This is the Bubba the Love Sponge settlement, Your Honor, in case you didn't already know that.

Florida law is well established on this. You don't bring settlement agreements in front of juries. The reasons they assert for it don't take it out of that. And the one thing I would go to

is they sort of have tried to infer -- I don't know if the word "infer" is right -- glean from it because both parties agreed not to disparage each other, that somehow that implies collusion. It's not relevant. It means nothing in this case, and it needs to be kept out like settlement agreements are usually kept out.

MR. BERRY: Thank you, Your Honor.

And I have to say our response was filed in confidence. And there is stuff that I would like to discuss that I think is confidential pursuant to the markings of the plaintiff of the settlement agreement, because I think the specific terms and circumstances surrounding that agreement are pertinent to our argument and were not touched on by Mr. Turkel. We don't object to them being public, but it wasn't our designation.

MR. TURKEL: Judge, I think we probably need a protocol to deal with this on virtually everything we're talking about. The settlement is a confidential agreement. It's, by its terms, confidential as many settlements are and, frankly, usually are.

THE COURT: Well, I think what you're referring to is potential issues or arguments,

anyway, as to potential spoliation of evidence.

Is that where you're going?

MR. BERRY: There is three aspects of this, I think, that -- one is spoliation. The second does not deal with it, with nondisparagement, but it is something that we believe is a violation of the rules of professional conduct and, therefore, a violation of our due process rights, and make it akin to a Mary Carter agreement. The third was another provision of that agreement that we believe will essentially affect and has affected Mr. Clem's testimony throughout this case.

Again, you know, as we outlined in our papers, we believe that there are serious due process questions about us not being able to question Mr. Clem about this given the circumstances surrounding how that settlement came about. And I can talk a little bit about the factual background. I can make some of the legal arguments, but the specifics of that agreement are the reasons that we believe that we should be permitted to question him about it.

THE COURT: So does someone intend to call Mr. Clem as a witness?

MR. BERRY: I believe both parties have him

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1
           on the witness list.
2
                MR. TURKEL:
                             Yes.
3
                THE COURT:
                            Okay.
4
                            I mean, would you like me to
                MR. BERRY:
5
           explain the facts and then kind of --
6
                THE COURT:
                            I'm familiar with the facts.
                                                          I
7
           mean, I have read through your documents, so --
8
                MR. SULLIVAN:
                               Well, how much can I say in
9
           open court?
10
               MR. BERRY:
                            In open court?
11
                THE COURT:
                            Does anybody want to be heard on
12
           that?
13
                MR. TURKEL:
                             Judge, I feel like I want that
14
           question answered for everything. I think it's
1.5
           all confidential, and I don't think it should
16
           discussed in open court. It's confidential as
17
           between the party in this case and a third party
18
           who is not in this case and not here to assert
19
           anything or protect themselves. So other than the
20
           very general arguments they made, that's all I can
21
           really discuss right now. We can argue to be held
22
           in breach of the settlement agreement for arguing
23
           in too great a detail.
24
                THE COURT: Well, then, why don't we have
25
           that argument when somebody representing Mr. Clem
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is here? And then that way they have an opportunity to be heard. Otherwise, while the settlement may be confidential, I certainly understand some of those terms might be the spoliation, or the potential for spoliation is there. So I think some of those issues may be fair game for the jury to hear. But unless their attorney is here and can argue that aspect of it, as far as closing the courtroom and asking the reporters in the back to step out, I don't know that that's really appropriate at this point in time. I don't know of any case law that would allow that.

MR. TURKEL: That was kind of my point when Mr. Berry raised it. But I think -- why don't we try this, Judge, if the Court is amenable to this process. Preclude them from discussing it in openings. Have them proffer their predicate for it at the time the witness is called or shortly before.

THE COURT: Well, let me ask this: Are the witnesses coming with their attorneys so that we can discuss all this? I mean, I think he needs to have legal counsel.

MR. TURKEL: I don't know for sure, but I

1.5

1 think probably if they know that's going to be an 2 issue, Mr. Clem's attorney would come, yes. 3 THE COURT: Who is his attorney? 4 MR. TURKEL: Jay Diaco, I mean, as far as I 5 know. That's who has been here in the case up to 6 this point. 7 THE COURT: All right. Well, let's have the 8 issue pertaining to him discussed when his 9 attorney is here. 10 MR. TURKEL: That's probably fair. THE COURT: If that's later on that's fine. 11 12 If he comes right before he's to testify, then we 13 just need to -- somebody, before he comes to 14 testify, needs to let him know what the topic of 15 the conversation so that we can have the attorney 16 present when we talk about it, which will probably 17 be at 8:00 a.m. before the jury comes. 18 MR. TURKEL: On whatever day we're going to 19 call him --20 THE COURT: Right. 21 MR. TURKEL: -- that would make sense, Judge. 22 MR. BERRY: Again, our legal arguments are 23 obviously outlined in the papers. 24 THE COURT: I will reserve on No. 3, and 25 that's as it pertains to Mr. Clem.

1 Is Bubba Clem his legal name? 2 Bubba the Love Sponge Clem is MR. SULLIVAN: 3 his legal name. 4 The whole thing is the actual MR. TURKEL: 5 the legal name. 6 Judge, could we get some guidance? I think, 7 obviously, this is what we think is pretty 8 well-established Florida law on settlement 9 agreements. We would ask that they refrain from 10 mentioning this in opening for fear that, under 11 conditional relevance, they don't tie it up and 12 then we're in a very bad spot at that point, so --13 THE COURT: That's sounds reasonable. 14 MR. BERRY: Okay. 1.5 THE COURT: Or if it's discussed prior to 16 openings, that means we'll have to have a noticed 17 hearing with his attorney here. 1.8 MR. BERRY: And just to be clear, the fact 19 that settlement has been widely and publicly 20 reported, including in a press release issued by 21 the plaintiff --22 THE COURT: Well, I'm understanding that Bay 23 News 9 is already reporting that the case has been 24 settled. So maybe it has been; I just don't know. 25 MR. SULLIVAN: Who is, Your Honor?

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1
                THE COURT: Bay News 9 says the case has been
2
           settled.
3
                MR. SULLIVAN:
                               News before it happened.
4
                MR. TURKEL:
                             Judge, can we approach?
5
                (At the bench)
6
                (Discussion off the record.)
7
                MR. TURKEL: As we're sitting here,
8
           Mr. Berry's argument is -- wanting to argue
9
           specific facts. We know that their opposition
10
           papers talk about the specific facts --
11
                THE COURT: Right.
12
                MR. TURKEL: -- they attach.
13
                THE COURT:
                            Right.
14
                MR. TURKEL: Giving that we have third-party
1.5
           rights to confidentiality here, I don't know --
16
           you know, this is -- I didn't contemplate this
17
           coming up in every single one of these motions.
18
           But what is the press's access to the terms of the
19
           confidential settlement agreement pertaining to a
20
           third party who is not here to assert his rights?
21
                THE COURT:
                            That's why he has -- he has to
22
           have an attorney here to come assert his rights.
23
                MR. HARDER:
                            Here is the point. We had to
24
           mark this document as confidential --
25
                THE COURT:
                            Right.
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1	MR. HARDER: under the protective order.
2	They put in provisions from the settlement
3	agreement into the public record.
4	MR. BERRY: But it's under seal.
5	MR. HARDER: It's under seal.
6	MR. BERRY: I was the one that brought this
7	up. I brought this issue up.
8	MR. TURKEL: I know. It dawned on me as you
9	were arguing. Okay. So then we'll wait until the
10	issue comes up, and then we'll vet it out that
11	day.
12	THE COURT: Right.
13	MR. TURKEL: That's fine.
14	MR. SULLIVAN: I mean, to be clear, this
15	isn't going to be a secret trial. All kinds of
16	stuff is now going to come out.
17	MR. TURKEL: I think where this is a little
18	different is that we do have a third-party's
19	rights who is not here to discuss any of this.
20	THE COURT: Right.
21	MR. TURKEL: And maybe we all should have
22	thought about that and had them come for this
23	motion in limine, but we didn't, so
24	THE COURT: Yes. So we'll make the time when
25	they can come, and we'll be fine.
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1
               MR. TURKEL: Yeah, that's fine.
2
               MR. BERRY:
                            That's fair.
3
                            Thank you, Your Honor.
               MR. HARDER:
4
                            Because I certainly don't want
               MR. TURKEL:
5
          them coming back to all of us for --
6
                            No, no. And that makes perfect
               MR. BERRY:
7
                  And that hadn't occurred to me either, but
          sense.
8
          that's why I --
9
               MR. TURKEL:
                            Unless --
10
                THE COURT: And we'll even let Ms. Steele
11
          come to the hearing.
12
                (In open court)
13
                THE COURT: Okay. Number 4, motivation for
14
          filing a lawsuit --
15
               MR. BERRY: Your Honor, I know -- this is
16
          their motion, but it may -- this is all kind of
17
          tied up together with the DVD issue and the FBI
18
          issue.
19
               MR. HARDER: That's fine. If you want -- we
20
          can argue those at the same time. And, No. 5
21
          also, Your Honor, the extended video footage, I
22
          believe that's related as well. We're talking
23
          about the 30 minutes.
24
                THE COURT: I understand.
25
               MR. BERRY:
                            That's tied up with the --
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grant it, but you-all are going to narrow what your issues are.

MR. BERLIN: This was -- the motion was limited to, not things about this tape, but other topics, and for those employees, you know, then you have -- then we have a problem here. We've got, Oh, well, such-and-such employee, and they're not here to explain themselves.

THE COURT: So let's see what you-all want to do with it.

MR. TURKEL: Let me just respond to that,

Judge. Under 90.803(18), it mentions, Employees
and agents are the corporation. It's not hearsay,
because they're not here to explain it. They
choose who they want to explain. We have
identified it. I can put in a written statement
from any employee if I'm offering against them.

It's an admission against the party, so I'm a
little more concerned about him arguing that part
than the relevance part.

THE COURT: All right. So No. 9 is a defendant's motion in limine to exclude evidence of plaintiff's settlement communications, and I believe this really goes more specifically to Mr. Houston.

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1 MR. SAFIER: Correct. 2 THE COURT: So I know the other one 3 settlement negotiations was more with Bubba Clem. 4 You seen my note, No. 9, it says "need to see." 5 MR. SAFIER: Yes. I actually brought them. 6 THE COURT: Okay. 7 So here, Your Honor, there are MR. SAFIER: 8 two communications from October 5th, 2012, that 9 are in very close succession. There is a 10 redacted -- some redacted material that has to 11 move forward. But if you look below that, you 12 have an e-mail from Christi Rosser, who I believe 13 is Mr. Houston's assistant, office manager. 14 MR. TURKEL: He's not going to answer the 15 question. She works for Mr. Houston. 16 MR. SAFIER: Works for Mr. Houston, sent at 17 13:02:33 to Nick at Gawker enclosing -- or sent it 18 at 10:02 a.m. enclosing a letter. The letter it 19 on the next page. As you can see, the letter is 20 clearly labeled, Settlement communication under 21 FRB 408. And if you go down, you can see there is 22 a highlighted portion in the last paragraph. 23 "We can assure you that Hulk Hogan tends to 24 pursue all civil and criminal remedies available

as to anyone shopping around, distributing, or the

otherwise using this video. To this end, we will commence consultations of federal and state law enforcement about the criminal aspects of this matter. Hulk Hogan would like to end this matter immediately by learning the identify of all persons involved with, quote, unquote, shopping the video to any party."

And here we have a settlement offer.

"If you immediately disclose the requested information and refrain from being involved with any use of the video, Hulk Hogan will consider this matter closed and will not seek legal remedies against you for the issues raised in this letter."

That is a clear and an unambiguous settlement negotiation. The next exhibit is an e-mail, which was sent shortly thereafter. Here, this is from David Houston to Mr. Daulerio. I have highlighted the relevant parts, third and four paragraph:

"I'm sure your counsel can provide you with appropriate legal advice, so I will not presume to do the same. I am asking to remove the sex tape from your website. If you do not do so, you leave us no option but to proceed legally. We will exhaust every legal avenue possibly, including

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1
          potential criminal charges."
2
                Again, it's a settlement communication.
3
                THE COURT: So you want to keep this out?
4
               MR. SAFIER: Yeah.
                                    I mean, the rule is quite
5
          straightforward, right?
6
                THE COURT: Do you want it in?
7
               MR. TURKEL: Yes, Judge, we would like to
8
          have this in evidence. We would like to show --
9
               MR. SAFIER: I'm still --
10
                                            I'm sorry.
               MR. TURKEL: I understand.
11
                THE COURT: I know. I was just asking --
12
               MR. VOGT:
                           She asked me a question.
13
                THE COURT:
                            It's my fault.
14
                            He's been getting on my case for
               MR. SAFIER:
15
          a couple days.
16
               MR. TURKEL:
                            Just please --
17
               MR. SAFIER:
                            We're friends. We like each
18
          other right now.
19
               MR. TURKEL: I don't like anybody, Judge,
20
          except the system and the smell of justice.
21
                MR. SAFIER:
                             Section 90.408, as you are very
22
          well aware -- and I quote -- says, "Evidence of an
23
          offer to compromise a claim which was disputed as
24
          to validity or amount" -- and this is the key
25
          part -- "as well as any relevant conduct or
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statements made in negotiations concerning a compromise is inadmissible to prove liability or absence of liability for the claim or its value."

Here what I have shown you, these are clear settlement communications involving the subject matter of this case. What they want to do -- and, you know, Mr. Turkel will make this argument -- is say, Well, this is to prove that Gawker had notice that Mr. Bollea objected to the material on the website."

That's part of the liability case. And the law is clear that you can't use a party's position in settlement talks, and this is what these are, to establish liability. It is just straightforward. This -- literally, this letter is labeled settlement communication. When you get a letter that is labeled settlement communication, you think to yourself, This is not going to be used in subsequent litigation. That's what you think.

THE COURT: I think we had this argument earlier today, or this discussion earlier today, about the Bubba the Love Sponge settlement.

MR. SAFIER: Right. What our argument is there is because of specific terms in the actual

1 settlement agreement, there is an conception that 2 needs to be made there based on Mary-Carter-type 3 considerations and consideration about spoliation. 4 There is nothing here. This is a very 5 straightforward. This in a settlement offer 6 followed up by another settlement offer that's now 7 being offered as part of their liability case 8 against us. 9 And the law is absolutely clear. 10 doesn't get in. Those kind of interactions and 11 negotiations are shielded from the jury. They're 12 protected. And there are very good policy reasons 13 why we do that. So I think this is an easy 14 I don't think there is wiggle room here, 1.5 Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: Okay. Thanks. 17 Mr. Turkel? 1.8 MR. TURKEL: Judge, I think it's easy too. 19 But the other way -- first of all, I'm still 20 getting over him telling me he loved me. 21 something --22 What did I say? MR. SAFIER: 23 MR. TURKEL: Judge, Mr. Houston, when they

published the tape, sent them cease-and-desist

Cease-and-desist letters are admissible.

24

25

letters.

In Toffoloni, they were admitted into evidence properly. This isn't being offered to show liability. In fact, one of their predicates for their good faith defense was that they didn't find Mr. Houston's letter persuasive enough to prevent them from continuing to publish the video.

It's not being offered to prove liability.

It's offered to prove their notice. They were on notice that the position was that this was, as set forth in these letters, illegally taken. It was to give them notice exactly as early as possible as to what was going to happen if they did not review this and act accordingly, and they chose not to.

And so when you ask them why they chose not to, they say, Well, we didn't find the letter persuasive. So it's not trying to prove liability; it's showing exact things that were carved out of 90.408 for the exact reasons those things were carved out of 90.408, which is to show things other than liability or absence of liability, such as intent, knowledge, notice, things like that.

So this is precisely what 408 contemplates being carved out. Nobody is saying, Hey, we sent

them a thing, and they're liable, you know. The classic 90.408 scenario is a scenario where the defendant sends a demand and settlement offer over, and they say, We'll offer to settle this case for "X" amount of dollars and you use that and say, Look, they must liable. That's what it's meant to preclude. They're offering us money. It's meant to prohibit a chilling effect on discussions. It's not meant to prevent a letter that was solely written and specifically written to put them on notice of the illegal conduct from getting into evidence. And we've cited the case law that says that.

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So unless the Court has any questions, I think this is very simple. I think this is textbook of what is an exception under 90.408. And they don't want it in because they basically don't want a jury to see that they were told that the conduct that they were going to engage in was illegal before they engaged in it, that they were put on notice of it. And I think the most telling part is their response, which is we're not persuaded, or words to that effect by these letters, Judge, so --

MR. SAFIER: As I said, we think it's a

2 THE COURT: Okay. So I will deny. This is 3 under tab 9. 4 All right. Let's go to 11. And this is the 5 motion to bifurcate. If the plaintiff doesn't 6 oppose, are there any other discussions we need to 7 have about it? 8 MR. TURKEL: No. 9 MR. BERLIN: I think we're all good, Your 10 Honor. 11 THE COURT: All right. So then No. 13, the 12 Defendant's motion in limine to exclude all 13 evidence concerning Gawker Media, LLC, revenues or 14 profits during the liability phase of trial and 1.5 incorporated memorandum of law. Tab 14 is 16 plaintiff's opposition. I don't know if the 17 parties have spoken about this.

simple motion the other way, Your Honor.

that you're trying to get at the damages expert,

there is a miscommunication. The plaintiffs think

It seems to me

Mr. Anderson. I don't know that that's really what your point is in this. So that seems to be

their response.

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MR. BERLIN: I think our point on this, Your Honor, is that the financial information under the Grace case in the Florida Supreme Court basically

1	
1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2 3	
	STATE OF FLORIDA
4 5	COUNTY OF HILLSBOROUGH
5	
7	I, Aaron T. Perkins, Registered Professional Reporter, certify that I was authorized to and did
8	stenographically report the above hearing and that the transcript is a true and complete record of my stenographic notes.
9	
10	
11	I further certify that I am not a relative, employee, attorney, or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties' attorney or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action.
12	
13 14	
15	
16	Dated this and day of July 2015
17	Dated this 2nd day of July, 2015.
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	Aaron T. Perkins, RPR
24	
25	